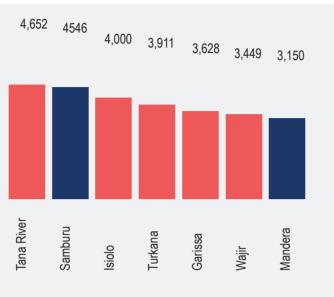
Targeted Counties: Garissa, Mandera, Samburu, Tana River, Wajir, Isiolo and Turkana.

# **Project Context**

In January 2017, the Government of Kenya declared drought a national disaster with over 5.6 million households classified as food insecure. The drought had eroded local coping mechanisms where households displayed poor dietary diversity and food consumption scores. In response, this action funded by EU Humanitarian Aid (ECHO) and implemented by Kenya Red Cross Society (KCRS), Humanity and Inclusion (HI) and ACTED aimed at providing an integrated lifesaving humanitarian response for 7 counties namely: Turkana, Isiolo, Tana River, Garisa, Wajir, Samburu and Mandera, In total the action supported 27,336 households through unconditional cash transfers valued at Ksh. 3,000 using a mobile based platform and vendors where mobile connectivity was a challenge.

#### **Number of Households Reached**



# **Project timeline**

Grant received, Baseline Assessment, Beneficiary	First cash Disbursement	Second cash	Third cash Disbursement	Fourth Cash Disbursement
Registration and Validation	and Post	Bioscinom	with 2 <sup>nd</sup> Post	and Endline
Conducted	Distribution		Distribution	survey Conducted
	Monitoring		Monitoring	
February 2018	Mid-February 2018	March 2018	April 2018	May 2018

## **Complaints and Response**

Complaints and feedback received with average resolution timeline:

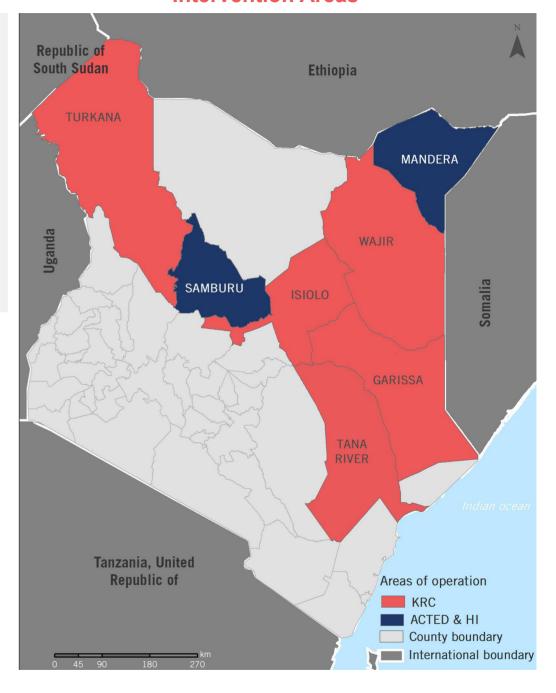
	Cases Reported	Cases Closed	Average Closure time				
ACTED	153	153	8 Days				
KRCS	292	275	3 Days				

# \* \* \* \* \* \* \* European Union Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid





#### **Intervention Areas**







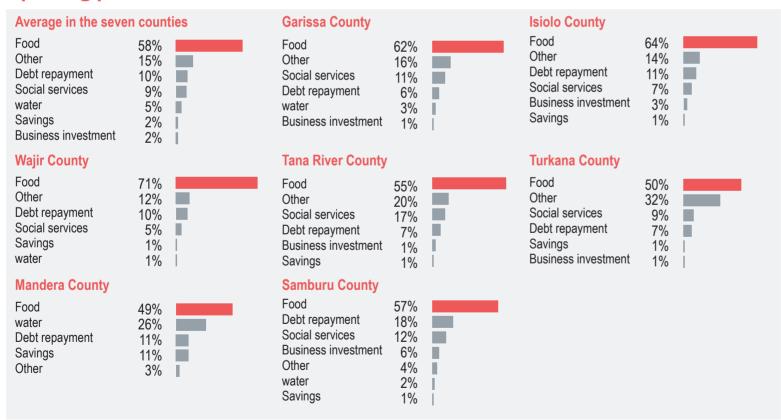
Targeted Counties: Garissa, Mandera, Samburu, Tana River, Wajir, Isiolo and Turkana.

#### **FOOD SECURITY**

### Average Food Consumption Score (FCS) and Coping strategy Index (CSI) per county:

	Samburu		Mandera		Garissa		Isiolo		Tana River		Turkana		Wajir	
	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After
% of target population with acceptable FCS	1%	49%	44%	99%	6%	48%	42%	71%	25%	90%	23%	14%	11%	47%
Average Coping strategy index (CSI) Score	48.3	18.5	33.7	26.6	42.5	32.6	36.9	17.1	31.5	13.9	52.8	21	34.8	6.6

## **Spending patterns**













#### Food security situation

- The food security situation greatly improved over the project period with the targeted households employing less severe coping mechanism, while increasing their food expenditures.
- Witnessed changes in the food consumption scores coupled with coping strategy indices over the project period attested to the improved food security within the target households.



#### **Protection**

86% of the targeted households agree that the humanitarian assistance received was accessible, and safely delivered by both ACTED and KRCS. This was occasioned by the inclusive mobilization, targeting and disbursement methodologies applied. The other 14% believe more could have been done to increase the beneficiary coverage in targeted locations with an expansion of the targeting criteria.

#### Recommendations

- Based on the indicators, cash programming is appropriate and has helped reduce food insecurity.
- Target counties with high malnutrition rates using health centers as the entry point.
- Future programming should explore complementarity activities such as food utilization and hygiene trainings, access to safe water and sanitation, cash transfer with livelihood activities to tackle the root cause of malnutrition and increase impact.
- Strengthen synergies with government social protection programs.
- The cash working group should harmonize transfer values and the Minimum Expenditure Basket to increase impact of cash interventions.